

Amendments to the Claims:

1. (currently amended) A method for delivering information from a trust information provider to a client having memory for verification of a received certificate by said client, comprising the steps of:

downloading a trust information object (TIO) from a server to said memory of said client, said TIO comprising at least a plurality of hash values, each hash value being hashed from a trusted entity certificate, and a plurality of trust vectors, each trust vector corresponding to a hash value and being indicative of the level of trust associated with a particular trusted entity certificate; ~~and~~

verifying said received certificate by hashing said received certificate to generate a resulting hash value, comparing said resulting hash value to said plurality of hash values in said TIO to determine if a match exists, and, if said match is found, determining if the corresponding trust vector indicates a requisite level of trust to establish a connection; and
establishing a connection between said client and said server if said
corresponding trust vector indicates the requisite level of trust to establish
said connection.

2. (currently amended) The method of Claim 1, wherein said TIO further comprises:

a value indicating a number of signatures required for a next update;
a timestamp of when said TIO is created; and
a digital signature of all data including said plurality of hash values, said trust vectors, said number of signatures, and said timestamp included in said TIO.

3. (currently amended) The method of Claim 1, wherein said plurality of hash values are determined using any of MD5 and SHA-1.

4. (previously presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein said TIO conforms to the PKCS#7 standard.
5. (previously presented) The method of Claim 1, further comprising the steps of:
hard coding said TIO into said client's software.
6. (original) The method of Claim 1, further comprising the step of:
saving a copy of said TIO in a persistent memory during said client's build time.
7. (withdrawn) A method for delivering certificates with associated trust information from a server to a client for verification of a received certificate by said client, comprising the steps of:
 associating a trust information object (TIO) with said client, said TIO
 comprising a hash value of a trust entity certificate and associated trust
 information indicating a level of trust for a trusted entity associated with
 said trust entity certificate;
 during an SSL handshake between said client and said server, said server
 sending a certificate chain that, optionally, contains a root certificate (RC)
 to said client; and
 said client validating said server certificate using said TIO.
8. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 7, wherein said client hashes a server certificate and compares a resulting digest against a list of trusted entity certificate thumbprints obtained from said TIO.
9. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 8, wherein if a thumbprint match is not found:
 said client retrieves an RC from a trusted server;
 said client performs certificate chain validation up to a root certificate
 authority (CA);

once an entire certificate chain is validated, said client tries to validate said CA RC;
wherein, if said RC is included in said certificate chain, said client hashes said RC and looks up said TIO in said client;
wherein if a resulting hash value and a corresponding trust bit are found in said TIO, then said certificate chain is considered to be valid and session initiation proceeds.

10. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 8, wherein if a thumbprint match is, said client checks a trust bit vector associated with said certificate to ensure that an authenticated server is trusted in the context of a session being established.
11. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 9, wherein if necessary trust capabilities are not set on a matched thumbprint, said client fails a session initiation handshake.
12. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 7, wherein a hash value in said TIO is taken by hashing a valid certificate; and wherein said certificate is accepted by a validation mechanism, even when said client receives an expired root certificate.
13. (withdrawn) The method of Claim 7, further comprising the step of:
providing in said TIO a designated trust bit associated with a site certificate for identifying a site that is trusted to perform certain operations;
wherein when said client executes a script it checks said certificate and associated trust information; and
wherein if said trust bit indicates that a site identified by its certificate is trusted for an intended operation, then access permission is granted.
14. (currently amended) A method for delivering information from a server to a client having memory, comprising the steps of:
downloading a trust information object (TIO) from said server to said memory of said client, said TIO comprising at least a plurality of hash

values, each hash value being hashed from a trusted entity certificate, and a plurality of trust vectors, each trust vector corresponding to a hash value and being indicative of the level of trust associated with a particular trusted entity certificate;

verifying said received certificate by hashing said received certificate to generate a resulting hash value, comparing said resulting hash value to said plurality of hash values in said TIO to determine if a match exists, and, if said match is found, determining if the corresponding trust vector indicates a requisite level of trust to establish a connection; and

said client periodically connecting to said server to determine whether a new TIO is available; and
said server sending a new TIO to said client if said new TIO is available.

15. (previously presented) The method of Claim 14, further comprising the step of:
sending said TIO with a signing certificate to said client, wherein trust information of said signing certificate indicates that said certificate can be trusted for signing said TIO.
16. (previously presented) The method of Claim 15, wherein said client fetches said TIO from a trusted server, said client ensuring that a root certificate that signed said signing certificate is contained in said TIO and is not revocable.
17. (previously presented) The method of Claim 14, wherein said client verifies a digital signature of said TIO with a signing certificate, along with a TIO sent to said client.
18. (original) The method of Claim 17, wherein multiple signatures are verified, depending on the number of signatures specified in said TIO; wherein said client hashes said signing certificates one by one; and wherein if proper results are found in

said TIO and said certificates are trusted for signing said TIO, then said TIO proves that it was not tampered with.

19. (original) The method of Claim 18, wherein said signing certificates exist in said TIO in said client before said TIO is signed.

20. (previously presented) The method of Claim 14, wherein said TIO is delivered to said client via a broadcast channel; wherein a provider delivers a TIO to said client that contains a signing certificate and associated trust information by either of including said signing certificate in an initial TIO saved in a client persistent memory, or by sending said TIO to said client through a secure channel before using said broadcast channel.

21. (original) The method of Claim 14, further comprising the step of: updating said TIO on a per session basis when said TIO is not persistently stored.

22. (previously presented) An apparatus for receiving information from a server for verification of a received certificate, comprising:

a client device comprising a memory having resident therein a trust information object (TIO) downloaded from a server to said memory, said TIO comprising at least a plurality of hash values, each hash value being hashed from a trusted entity certificate, and a plurality of trust vectors, each trust vector corresponding to a hash value and being indicative of the level of trust associated with a particular trusted entity certificate; and wherein said client device is adapted for verifying a received certificate by hashing said received certificate to generate a resulting hash value, comparing said resulting hash value to said hash values in said TIO to determine if a match exists, and, if said match is found, determining if the corresponding trust vector indicates requisite level of trust to establish connection.

23. (cancelled)

24. (currently amended) The apparatus of Claim 22, wherein said TIO further comprises at least one of:

a value indicating a number of signatures required for a next update;

a time stamp which indicates a date that said TIO is generated; and

for each of said plurality of hash values said trust entity certificates, a thumb print comprising a hash of a public key embedded in said certificate that represents said trusted entity.

25–28. (cancelled)

29. (previously presented) The apparatus of Claim 22, wherein said TIO comprises a TIO derived from a set of root certificate authority (CA) certificates hard coded into software of said client device.

30. (previously presented) The apparatus of Claim 22, wherein said TIO further comprises:

a copy of said TIO saved in a persistent memory during said client's build time.

31. (withdrawn) An apparatus for delivering certificates with associated trust information from a server to a client for verification of a received certificate by said client, comprising:

a trust information object (TIO) associated with said client, said TIO comprising a hash value of a trust entity certificate and associated trust information indicating a level of trust for a trusted entity associated with said trust entity certificate;

means for sending a certificate chain from said server that, optionally, contains a root certificate (RC) to said client during an SSL handshake between said client and said server; and

means at said client for validating said server certificate using said TIO.

32. (withdrawn) The apparatus of Claim 31, wherein said client hashes a server certificate and compares a resulting digest against a list of trusted entity certificate thumbprints obtained from said TIO.
33. (withdrawn) The apparatus of Claim 32, wherein if a thumbprint match is not found:
said client retrieves an RC from a trusted server;
said client performs certificate chain validation up to a root certificate authority (CA);
once an entire certificate chain is validated, said client tries to validate said CA RC;
wherein, if said RC is included in said certificate chain, said client hashes said RC and looks up said TIO in said client;
wherein if a resulting hash value and a corresponding trust bit are found in said TIO, then said certificate chain is considered to be valid and session initiation proceeds.
34. (withdrawn) The apparatus of Claim 32, wherein if a thumbprint match is, said client checks a trust bit vector associated with said certificate to ensure that an authenticated server is trusted in the context of a session being established.
35. (withdrawn) The apparatus of Claim 34, wherein if necessary trust capabilities are not set on a matched thumbprint, said client fails a session initiation handshake.
36. (withdrawn) The apparatus of Claim 31, wherein a hash value in said TIO is taken by hashing a valid certificate; and wherein said certificate is accepted by a validation mechanism, even when said client receives an expired root certificate.
37. (withdrawn) The apparatus of Claim 31, further comprising:

a designated trust bit in said TIO associated with a site certificate for identifying a site that is trusted to perform certain operations; wherein when said client executes a script it checks said certificate and associated trust information; and wherein if said trust bit indicates that a site identified by its certificate is trusted for an intended operation, then access permission is granted.

38–49. (cancelled)

50. (previously presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein said TIO is updated periodically by said TIO-provider server.

51. (previously presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein downloading said TIO comprises broadcasting said TIO.

52. (previously presented) The method of Claim 51, wherein said TIO is signed.

53. (currently amended) The method of Claim 1, wherein said TIO is downloaded each time a received certificate is verified.

54. (currently amended) The method of Claim 52, wherein said TIO is cached in memory.

55. (currently amended) The method of Claim 1, wherein said TIO is stored in persistent memory.

56. (currently amended) The method of Claim 54, wherein TIO is downloaded using one of broadcast or http.

57. Cancelled

58. (previously presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein the size of said TIO is minimized by limiting the number of hashed certificates contained therein.

59. (previously presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein said server is at least one of a cable operator, internet service provider, or broadcaster.

60. (previously presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein said server is a cable operator.

61. (previously presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein said level of trust comprises at least operations for which said certificate is trusted or is trusted to delegate to other certificates.